

Name	
Date	

ELTE Verb-ing or To Verb quiz 30

Score _____

1.	ELTE Verb-ing or To Verb quiz 30 Remember: -used to+verb (past habit, done or experienced in the past, but no longer done or experienced in the present) -BE/GET used to + verb-ing (something you are familiar with/ accustomed to doing)
	Do you mind the door?
(A)	closing
\bigcirc	to close
(c)	close
D	closed
2.	She's looking forward to at the concert.
\bigcirc	to sing
\bigcirc	sung
(c)	singing
D	sing
3.	I can't get used to up early.
(A)	waking
\bigcirc	wake
(c)	woken
D	wakes
4.	They used to when they were younger, not now.
\bigcirc	jog
\bigcirc	jogs
(c)	jogged
\bigcirc	ioaaina

5.	We need to get used to on our own.
\bigcirc	work
${\color{red} (B)}$	works
\bigcirc	working
\bigcirc	to work
6.	I am not used to spicy food.
\bigcirc	eats
${\color{red} (B)}$	eat
(c)	eating
D	ate
7.	We can't help at his jokes.
A	to laugh
\bigcirc	laughed
©	laugh
D	laughing
8.	She is getting used to in English every day.
A	speaking
В	to speak
©	speak
D	speaks
9.	What verb form completes this sentence: Could we stop a cup of coffee? I'm pretty tired.
\bigcirc	to take
\bigcirc	taking
©	take
D	taken

10.	Select the appropriate form: Try on the exam; it's crucial.
A	to focus
B	focused
(c)	focusing
D	focus
11.	Which verb form fits: I remember this book before.
(A)	reading
\bigcirc	to reading
c	to read
D	read
12.	What form of the verb do you use after 'mean' in this context: She never meant you with her words.
\bigcirc	hurt
B	to hurting
c	hurting
D	to hurt
13.	Choose the correct form: He tried the door, but it was stuck.
(A)	opens
\bigcirc	open
c	opening
D	to open
14.	What form of the verb is needed to complete this sentence: She stopped because she was dead tired after three hours in the highway.
A	driving
B	drives
c	to drive
D	drive

15.	Choose the correct option: I have tried everything to alleviate my backache. I should try yoga. It might help.
A	doing
B	to do

c do
did



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	1.	ELTE Verb-ing or To Verb quiz 30 Remember: -used to+verb (past habit, done or experienced in the past, but no longer done or experienced in the present) -BE/GET used to + verb-ing (something you are familiar with/ accustomed to doing)
		Do you mind the door?
~	A	closing
	В	to close
	C	close
	D	closed
	i	'Mind' is followed by a gerund, hence 'closing' is correct.
~	A B	She's looking forward to at the concert. to sing sung singing singing
	i	'Look forward to' requires a gerund after it, so 'singing' is correct.
~	A	I can't get used to up early. waking wake woken wakes
	i	'Get used to' is followed by a gerund, so 'waking' is correct. It expresses what you are accustomed, or not, to doing. Attention: GET used to verb-ing expresses something hard or unusual to be accustomed to.

	jog
C	jogs
	jogged
	jogging
	, 33 3
i	'Used to' is followed by an infinitive, so 'to jog' is correct.
5.	We need to get used to on our own.
A	work
В	works
✓ C	working
D	to work
i	'Get used to' requires a gerund, so 'working' is correct.
6.	I am not used to spicy food.
A	eats
В	eat
∨ C	eating
D	ate
i	'Be used to' is followed by a gerund, so 'eating' is correct.
7 .	We can't help at his jokes.
	to laugh
A	
В	laughed
	laughed laugh
В	
B C ✓ D	laugh laughing
В	laugh
B C VD	laughing 'Can't help' is followed by a gerund, so 'laughing' is correct.
B C ✓ D	laughing 'Can't help' is followed by a gerund, so 'laughing' is correct. She is getting used to in English every day.
B C ✓ D i	laughing 'Can't help' is followed by a gerund, so 'laughing' is correct. She is getting used to in English every day. speaking
B C ✓ D i 8. ✓ A	laughing 'Can't help' is followed by a gerund, so 'laughing' is correct. She is getting used to in English every day. speaking to speak
B C ✓ D i	laughing 'Can't help' is followed by a gerund, so 'laughing' is correct. She is getting used to in English every day. speaking

i	'Getting used to' is followed by a gerund, so 'speaking' is correct.
9.	What verb form completes this sentence: Could we stop a cup of coffee? I'm pretty tired.
✓ A	to take
В	taking
C	take
D	taken
i	Infinitive after the verb stop means to cease doing something in order to do something else, expressed by the infinitive, in this case 'to take a cup of coffee'. Hence, the correct answer is 'to take'
10.	Select the appropriate form: Try on the exam; it's crucial.
	to focus
В	focused
С	focusing
D	focus
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i	Infinitive after 'try' indicates an attempt, something hard to achieve. This is why, 'to focus' is correct.
11.	Which verb form fits: I remember this book before.
✓ A	reading
В	to reading
C	to read
D	read
i	'Remember' with '-ing' form implies a recall of a past action, not anticipation. The correct answer is 'reading'.
12.	What form of the verb do you use after 'mean' in this context: She never meant you with her words.
A	hurt
В	to hurting
С	hurting
✓ D	to hurt
i	'Mean' followed by an infinitive form refers to intention or plan. The correct answer is 'to hurt'.

13.	Choose the correct form: He tried the door, but it was stuck.
A	opens
В	open
C	opening
✓ D	to open
i	After 'try' for attempts, use 'to' plus base verb. 'To open' depicts his action.
14.	What form of the verb is needed to complete this sentence: She stopped because she was dead tired after three hours in the highway.
✓ A	driving
В	drives
C	to drive
D	drive
i	We use the '-ing' form after 'stop' to describe an action which is interrupted. This is why 'driving' is correct.
15.	Choose the correct option: I have tried everything to alleviate my backache. I should try yoga. It might help.
✓ A	doing
В	to do
C	do
D	did
i	'Try' followed by verb-ing indicates experiencing something. The right answer is 'doing'